



DISABILITY RIGHTS EDUCATION & DEFENSE FUND

Date of Plan: _____

Diabetes Medical Management Plan

This plan should be completed by the student's personal health care team and parents/guardian. It should be reviewed with relevant school staff and copies should be kept in a place that is easily accessed by the school nurse, trained diabetes personnel, and other authorized personnel. Effective Dates: Student's Name: _____ Date of Birth: _____ Date of Diabetes Diagnosis: _____ Grade: Homeroom Teacher: Physical Condition: Diabetes type 1 Diabetes type 2 **Contact Information** Mother/Guardian: Address: Telephone: Home ______ Work _____ Cell _____ Father/Guardian: Address: Telephone: Home _____ Work _____ Cell _____ Student's Doctor/Health Care Provider: Name:_____ Address: _____ Emergency Number: Telephone: _____ Other Emergency Contacts: Name: Relationship: ______ Telephone: Home ______ Work _____ Cell _____ Notify parents/guardian or emergency contact in the following situations:

Blood Glucose Monitoring

Target range for blood glucose is 70-150 70-180 Other
Usual times to check blood glucose
Times to do extra blood glucose checks (check all that apply)
before exercise
after exercise
when student exhibits symptoms of hyperglycemia
when student exhibits symptoms of hypoglycemia
other (explain):
Can student perform own blood glucose checks?
Exceptions:
Type of blood glucose meter student uses:
Insulin
Usual Lunchtime Dose
Base dose of Humalog/Novolog /Regular insulin at lunch (circle type of rapid-/short-acting insulin used) is units or does flexible dosing using units/ grams carbohydrate.

Use of other insulin at lunch: (circle type of insulin used): intermediate/NPH/lente _____ units or basal/Lantus/Ultralente _____ units.

Insulin Correction Doses

Parental	authorization	should be	obtained	before	administering a	correction	dose fo	r high	blood

glucose levels. Yes No

_____ units if blood glucose is _____ to _____ mg/dl _____ units if blood glucose is _____ to _____ mg/dl _____ units if blood glucose is _____ to _____ mg/dl

_____ units if blood glucose is _____ to _____ mg/dl _____ units if blood glucose is _____ to _____ mg/dl

Can student give own injections?

Yes No Yes No Can student determine correct amount of insulin?

Yes No

Can student draw correct dose of insulin?

Parents are authorized to adjust the insulin dosage under the following circumstances:

For Students with Insulin Pumps

Type of pump:	B	1		
Type of insulin in pump:				
Type of infusion set:				
Insulin/carbohydrate ratio:				
Student Pump Abilities/Skill	's:		Needs Assi	stance
Count carbohydrates			Yes	No
Bolus correct amount for ca	rbohydrates consu	ned	Yes	No
Calculate and administer co	rrective bolus		Yes	No
Calculate and set basal prof	iles		Yes	No
Calculate and set temporary	basal rate		Yes	No
Disconnect pump			Yes	No
Reconnect pump at infusion	set		Yes	No
Prepare reservoir and tubing	5		Yes	No
Insert infusion set			Yes	No
Troubleshoot alarms and ma	alfunctions		Yes	No
For Students Taking Oral	Diabetes Medicat	tions		
Type of medication:			Tim	ing:
Other medications:			Tim	ing:
Meals and Snacks Eaten a	t School			
Is student independent in ca	rbohydrate calcula	tions and n	nanagement?	Yes No
Meal/Snack Time		Foo	d content/ama	ount
Breakfast				
Mid-morning snack				
Lunch				
Mid-afternoon snack				
Dinner				

Snack before exercise? Yes No

Snack after exercise?	Yes	No

Other times to give snacks and content/amount:

Preferred snack foods:
Foods to avoid, if any:
Instructions for when food is provided to the class (e.g., as part of a class party or food sampling event):
Exercise and Sports
A fast-acting carbohydrate such as
Restrictions on activity, if any:student should not exercise if blood glucose level is belowmg/dl or above mg/dl or if moderate to large urine ketones are present.
Hypoglycemia (Low Blood Sugar)
Usual symptoms of hypoglycemia:
Treatment of hypoglycemia:
Glucagon should be given if the student is unconscious, having a seizure (convulsion), or unable to swallow.
Route, Dosage, site for glucagon injection:arm,thigh,other.
If glucagon is required, administer it promptly. Then, call 911 (or other emergency assistance) and the parents/guardian.
Hyperglycemia (High Blood Sugar)
Usual symptoms of hyperglycemia:
Treatment of hyperglycemia:
Urine should be checked for ketones when blood glucose levels are above mg/dl.
Treatment for ketones:

Supplies to be Kept at School

Blood glucose meter, blood glucose test strips, batteries for meter

- _____ Lancet device, lancets, gloves, etc.
- _____Urine ketone strips
- _____Insulin pump and supplies
- _____Insulin pen, pen needles, insulin cartridges
- Fast-acting source of glucose
- ____Carbohydrate containing snack
- _____Glucagon emergency kit

Signatures

This Diabetes Medical Management Plan has been approved by:

Student's Physician/Health Care Provider

I give permission to the school nurse, trained diabetes personnel, and other designated staff members of ________ school to perform and carry out the diabetes care tasks as outlined by _______'s Diabetes Medical Management Plan. I also consent to the release of the information contained in this Diabetes Medical Management Plan to all staff members and other adults who have custodial care of my child and who may need to know this information to maintain my child's health and safety.

Acknowledged and received by:

Student's Parent/Guardian

Student's Parent/Guardian

Date

Date

Date